

Issuing Date: 1-February-2021 Revision Date: 11-October-2021 Version 2

## **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product identifier used on the label

## : MR. CORNWALL'S<sup>®</sup> SUPER DUPER<sup>®</sup> OIL

Product Code(s)	: No information available.
Recommended use of the chemica	I and restrictions on use

: Finish for wood, metal, stone, concrete, brick

No restrictions on use known.

: Mixture of: Drying oil; Lubricating oil; Natural waxes; Essential oil

Name, address, and telephone number of the manufacturer:

supplier:

Refer to manufacturer

Name, address, and telephone number of the

### OCOOW LLC (Odie's Oil)

**Chemical family** 

4700 Chaires Cross Rd Tallahassee, FL, U.S.A. 32317 Manufacturer's Telephone # : (850)695-2055 24 Hr. Emergency Tel # : No information available.

## SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **Classification of the chemical**

Liquid. Amber colored. Mild citrus odor.

Most important hazards:

When this product is used, combustible materials such as some cleaning rags, cotton waste, etc., contaminated by the material are subject to spontaneous combustion.

Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects. For further information, please refer to section 11 of the SDS. An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Avoid release to the environment. See Section 12 for more environmental information.

This material is not classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015).

#### Label elements

#### Hazard pictogram(s)

None required under U.S. OSHA Hazcom 2012 and Canadian WHMIS 2015 regulations.

#### Signal Word

None required under U.S. OSHA HazCom 2012 and Canadian WHMIS 2015 regulations.

#### Hazard statement(s)

None required under U.S. OSHA HazCom 2012 and Canadian WHMIS 2015 regulations.

#### Precautionary statement(s)

None required under U.S. OSHA HazCom 2012 and Canadian WHMIS 2015 regulations.



#### Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification:

Toxic fumes, gases or vapors may evolve on burning. Risk for spontaneous combustion if substantial quantities of product are left on porous organic materials (cotton waste or rag). Used rags or other cleaning materials may begin to burn by themselves if improperly discarded. Direct eye contact may cause slight or mild, transient irritation. Direct skin contact may cause slight or mild, transient irritation. May cause mild respiratory irritation at higher temperatures. May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Prolonged overexposure may cause slight liver effects, such as increased organ weights.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Mixture

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS#	Concentration (% by weight)
There are no ingredients present which require reporting in this section.	N/Ap	N/Ap	N/Ap

### SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures

Ingestion	: Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.
Inhalation	: If inhaled, move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by qualified medical personnel only. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If irritation or symptoms develop, seek medical attention.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>For skin contact, wash with soap and water while removing contaminated clothing. If irritation or symptoms develop, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.</li> </ul>
Eye contact	: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation or symptoms develop, seek medical attention.
Aost important symptom	s and effects, both acute and delayed

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: Direct eye contact may cause slight or mild, transient irritation. Direct eye contact may cause slight redness. Direct skin contact may cause slight or mild, transient irritation. Exposure may cause temporary irritation, redness or discomfort. May cause mild respiratory irritation at higher temperatures. May cause coughing and breathing difficulties. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Prolonged overexposure may cause slight liver effects, such as increased organ weights.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Carbon dioxide (CO2); Dry chemical; Alcohol resistant foam; Water fog

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.



Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture / Conditions of flammability

: Not considered flammable. However, may burn if exposed to extreme heat and flame.

Risk for spontaneous combustion if substantial quantities of product are left on porous organic materials (cotton waste or rag). Used rags or other cleaning materials may begin to burn by themselves if improperly discarded.

Product may float, and be re-ignited at the water's surface. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to excess heat or flame due to a build-up of internal pressure. Toxic fumes, gases or vapors may evolve on burning.

#### Flammability classification (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106)

: Not classified as flammable.

#### Hazardous combustion products

: Carbon oxides; Hydrocarbons; Nitrogen oxides (NOx); Other unidentified organic compounds.

### Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special fire-fighting procedures

Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Dike for water control.

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: All persons dealing with the clean-up should wear the appropriate chemically protective equipment. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Restrict access to area until completion of cleanup. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

**Environmental precautions** 

: Prevent product from entering drains, sewers, waterways and soil.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Contain and absorb spilled liquid with non-combustible, inert absorbent material (e.g. sand), then place absorbent material into a container for later disposal (see Section 13). Keep in properly labelled containers. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. Do not use combustible absorbents, such as sawdust. Contact the proper local authorities. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

#### Special spill response procedures

- : If a spill/release in excess of the EPA reportable quantity is made into the environment, immediately notify the national response center in the United States (phone:
  - 1-800-424-8802).

US CERCLA Reportable quantity (RQ): None known.

In Canada: Contact appropriate local and provincial environmental authorities for assistance and/or reporting requirements.



# SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling	
	: Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing fumes, mists or vapors. Wear suitable protective equipment during handling. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep away from extreme heat and direct flame.
	Risk for spontaneous combustion if substantial quantities of product are left on porous organic materials (cotton waste or rag). Used rags or other cleaning materials may begin to burn by themselves if improperly discarded. In order to prevent the risk of fire, good housekeeping standards must be maintained and the accumulation of residues on contaminated rags, etc. should be avoided. Store wiping rags containing this product in metal containers with tight lids. After use, put rags in water or lay flat to dry, then discard.
	Keep away from incompatibles. Wash thoroughly after handling. Empty containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous.
Conditions for safe storage	: Store in cool/well-ventilated place. Storage area should be clearly identified, clear of obstruction and accessible only to trained and authorized personnel. Inspect periodically for damage or leaks. Keep away from incompatibles.
ncompatible materials	: Strong oxidizing agents: Strong acids

# SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits:				
Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV		OSHA PEL	
	TWA	<u>STEL</u>	PEL	<u>STEL</u>
There are no ingredients present which require reporting in this section.	N/Ap	N/Ap	N/Ap	N/Ap

### Exposure controls

### Ventilation and engineering measures

	: Provide adequate ventilation. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Use general or local exhaust ventilation to maintain air concentrations below recommended exposure limits. In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Respiratory protection	: None required when used as intended. If airborne concentrations are above the permissible exposure limit or are not known, use NIOSH- approved respirators. Respirators should be selected based on the form and concentration of contaminants in air, and in accordance with OSHA (29 CFR 1910.134) or CSA Z94.4-02. Advice should be sought from respiratory protection specialists.
Skin protection	: For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. Wear sufficient clothing to prevent skin contact.
Eye / face protection	: Wear as appropriate: Tightly fitting safety goggles; Safety glasses with side shields.
Other protective equipment	: Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Other equipment may be required depending on workplace standards.



### General hygiene considerations

: Avoid breathing fumes, mists or vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

SECTION 7. I II I SICAL AND CHEWICAL I KOI EKTIES			
Appearance	: Liquid, amber colored		
Odor	: mild citrus odor		
Odor throshold	• N/Av		
Odor threshold	: N/Av		
pH	: 8.0		
Melting/Freezing point	: N/Av		
Initial boiling point and boiling r	ange		
	: > 315°C (599°F)		
Flash point	: 100°C (212°F)		
Flashpoint (Method)			
Evaporation rate (BuAe = 1)	: N/Av		
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not considered flammable.		
Lower flammable limit (% by vol.			
	: N/Av		
Upper flammable limit (% by vol.			
	: N/Av		
Oxidizing properties	: None known.		
Explosive properties	: Notexplosive		
Vapor pressure	: N/Av		
Vapor density	: N/Av		
Relative density / Specific gravit	v		
	: 0.914 @ 20°C (68°F)		
Solubility in water	: Negligible.		
Other solubility(ies)	: N/Av		
	vater or Coefficient of water/oil distribution		
	: N/Av		
Auto-ignition temperature			
Auto-ignition temperature	: N/Av		
Decomposition temperature	: N/Av		
Viscosity	: 107.5 mPas @ 20°C (68°F)		
Volatiles (% by weight)	: <10%		
Volatile organic Compounds (VC	)C's)		
<b>0</b>	, : < 5 g/L		
Absolute pressure of contai	-		
Elamo projection length	: N/Ap		
Flame projection length	: N/Ap		
Other physical/chemical comme			
SECTION 10 OT A DIL 1757	: No additional information.		
SECTION 10. STABILITY A			
Reactivity	: Not normally reactive. Risk for spontaneous combustion if substantial quantities of product are left on porous organic materials (cotton waste or rag). Used rags or other cleaning materials may begin to burn by themselves		
	if improperly discarded. Refer to Section 7, HANDLING AND STORAGE, for additional information.		
Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions.		
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Possibility of hazardous reaction	S
	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Direct sources of heat. Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidizing agents; Strong acids
Hazardous decomposition produce	cts
	: None known, refer to hazardous combustion products in Section 5.

# SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on likely routes of exposure:

Routes of entry inhalation	:	YES
Routes of entry skin & eye	:	YES
Routes of entry Ingestion	:	YES

### Routes of exposure skin absorption

: NO

## Potential Health Effects:

### Signs and symptoms of short-term (acute) exposure

Sign and symptoms Inhalation		
	: May cause mild respiratory irritation at higher temperatures. May cause coughing and breathing difficulties.	
Sign and symptoms ingestion		
	. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.	
Sign and symptoms skin	: Direct skin contact may cause slight or mild, transient irritation. Direct skin contact may cause temporary redness.	
Sign and symptoms eyes	Direct eye contact may cause slight or mild, transient irritation. Direct eye contact may cause temporary redness.	
Potential Chronic Health Effec	<ul> <li>Prolonged overexposure may cause slight liver effects, such as increased organ weights.</li> </ul>	
Mulanauisia		
Mutagenicity	: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	<ul> <li>Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. No components are listed as carcinogens by ACGIH, IARC, OSHA or NTP.</li> </ul>	
Reproductive effects & Teratogeni	city	
	: This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
Sensitization to material	: Not expected to be a skin or respiratory sensitizer.	
Specific target organ effects	: According to the classification criteria of U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015), this product is not expected to cause target organ toxicity through single or repeated exposures.	
	Mild effects may be seen in the following organs: Eyes; Skin; Respiratory system; Digestive system; Liver	



### Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

Synergistic materials	: Pre-existing skin, eye and respiratory disorders. : None reported by the manufacturer.		
Toxicological data	: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data. No data is available on the product itself.		
	See below for individual ingredient acute toxicity data.		

Chemical name	LC₅₀ (4hr) <u>inh, rat</u>				
		<u>(Oral, rat)</u>	<u>(Rabbit, dermal)</u>		
	There are no ingredients present which require reporting in this section.	N/Ap	N/Ap	N/Ap	

#### Other important toxicological hazards

: None reported by the manufacturer.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION							
Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. No data is available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or water courses, or be deposited where it can affect ground or surface waters.						
Persistence and degradability							
	<ul> <li>The product itself has not been tested.</li> <li>Contains the following chemicals which are considered to be inherently biodegradable: Lubricating oil.</li> </ul>						
Bioaccumulation potential	: The product itself has not been tested.						
Mobility in soil	: The product itself has not been tested.						
Other Adverse Environmental e	effects						
	: No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.						

## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Handling for Disposal	: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Methods of Disposal	: Dispose in accordance with all applicable federal, state, provincial and local regulations.
RCRA	If this product, as supplied, becomes a waste in the United States, it may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined under RCRA, Title 40 CFR 261. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the proper waste identification and disposal method. For disposal of unused or waste material, check with local, state and federal environmental agencies.



# SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Regulatory nformation	UN Number	UN proper shipping name	Transport hazard class(es)	Packing Group	Label	
TDG	None.	Not regulated.	Not regulated	None	$\oslash$	
TDG Additional Information	None.	1	I			
49CFR/DOT	None.	Not regulated.	Not regulated	None	$\bigotimes$	
9CFR/DOT Additional Information	None.	1	I			
ICAO/IATA	None.	Not regulated.	Not regulated	None	$\oslash$	
CAO/IATA Additional Information	None.		I			
IMDG	None.	Not regulated.	Not regulated	None	$\bigotimes$	
IMDG Additional Information	None.		I			

**Environmental hazards** 

: This product does not meet the criteria for an environmentally hazardous mixture, according to the IMDG

Code. See ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION, Section 12.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not applicable.

## **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### US Federal Information:

Components listed below are present on the following U.S. Federal chemical lists:

Ingredients	CAS# II	TSCA Inventory	CERCLA Reportable	SARA TITLE III: Sec. 302, Extremely Hazardous Substance, 40 CFR	SARA TITLE III: Sec. 313, 40 CFR 372, Specific Toxic Chemical		
		inventory	Quantity(RQ) (40 CFR 117.302):	355:	Toxic Chemical	de minimus Concentration	
There are no ingredients present which require reporting in this section.	N/Ap	All components are listed or exempted	None.	None.	None.	N/Ap	



SARA TITLE III: Sec. 311 and 312, SDS Requirements, 40 CFR 370 Hazard Classes: None. Under SARA Sections 311 and 312, the EPA has established threshold quantities for the reporting of hazardous chemicals. The current thresholds are 500 pounds or the threshold planning quantity (TPQ), whichever is lower, for extremely hazardous substances and 10,000 pounds for all other hazardous chemicals.

#### US State Right to Know Laws:

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual States:

Ingredients	CAS #	California Pr	State "Right to Know" Lists						
		Listed	Type of Toxicity	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
There are no ingredients present which require reporting in this section.	N/Ap	None.	N/Ap	No	No	No	No	No	No

#### Canadian Information:

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) information: All ingredients listed appear on the Domestic Substances List (DSL).

Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI): This product contains the following substances listed on the NPRI: Lubricating oil (Part 5: Other groups and mixtures)

WHMIS information: Refer to Section 2 for a WHMIS Classification for this product.

### International Information:

Legend

Components listed below are present on the following International Inventory list:

Ingredients	CAS #	European EINECs	Australia AICS	Philippines PICCS	Japan ENCS	Korea KECI/KECL	China IECSC	New Zealand IOC
There are no ingredients present which require reporting in this section.	N/Ap	All component s are listed or exempted.	All components are listed or exempted.	All components are listed or exempted.	All components are listed or exempted.	All components are listed or exempted.	All components are listed or exempted.	All components are listed or exempted.

# **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

: ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate CA: California CAS: Chemical Abstract Services CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 CFR: Code of Federal Regulations CSA: Canadian Standards Association DOT: Department of Transportation EC50: Effective Concentration 50% EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances EPA: Environmental Protection Agency HSDB: Hazardous Substances Data Bank



IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods IOC: Inventory of Chemicals KECI: Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory KECL: Korean Existing Chemicals List LC: Lethal Concentration LD: Lethal Dose MA: Massachusetts MN: Minnesota N/Ap: Not Applicable N/Av: Not Available NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health NJ: New Jersey NOEC: No observable effect concentration NTP: National Toxicology Program OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration PA: Pennsylvania PEL: Permissible exposure limit PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act RI: Rhode Island RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act SDS: Safety Data Sheet STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TDG: Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act & Regulations TLV: Threshold Limit Values TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act TWA: Time Weighted Average WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Identification System

References

: 1. ACGIH, Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents & Biological Exposure Indices for 2017.

- 2. International Agency for Research on Cancer Monographs, searched 2018.
- 3. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety, CCInfoWeb databases, 2018 (Chempendium, HSDB and RTECs).
- 4. Material Safety Data Sheets from manufacturer.
- 5. US EPA Title III List of Lists March 2015 version.
- 6. California Proposition 65 List May 25, 2018 version.
- 7. OECD The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances eChemPortal, 2018.



#### Other special considerations for handling:

Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issuing Date: 1-February-2021

Version 2

Revision Date: 11-October-2021

Revision Note: Update contact information

## DISCLAIMER

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